Begin March 20

A60

NIGHT LEAD NUCLEAR (280)

BY TOM OCHILTREE

30.24

GENEVA, MARCH 20 (AP)-BRITISH AND SOVIET NEGOTIATORS ARRIVED TODAY GUARDEDLY OPTIMISTIC THAT PROGRESS MAY BE MADE TOWARD A NUCLEAR TEST BAN TREATY WHEN THREE-POWER TALKS RESUME TOMORROW.

REPORTS FROM MOSCOW, HOWEVER, SAID NEWSPAPERS IGNORED THE RESUMPTION OF THE TALKS, PROMPTING A SUPPOSITION THAT THE RUSSIANS EXPECT LITTLE WILL BE ACCOMPLISHED.

THE BRITISH DELEGATE, MINISTER OF STATE DAVID ORMSBY-GORE, IMMEDIATELY WENT INTO CONFERENCE WITH ARTHUR H. DEAN, THE U.S. DELEGATE, WHO ARRIVED LAST WEEK. THEY PLAN A NEW APPROACH TO THE RUSSIANS AFTER THE THREE-MONTH RECESS.

INFORMANTS SAID THE NEW AMERICAN-BRITISH PROGRAM REPRESENTS THE MOST COORDINATED SINGLE ATTEMPT BY THE WEST TO GET A CONTROLLED ENDING TO ATOMIC AND HYDROGEN WEAPONS TESTS SINCE THE CONFERENCE BEGAN 2 1/2 YEARS AGO.

THE NEW WESTERN PROPOSAL ATTEMPTS A COMBINED SOLUTION OF THE PROBLEM OF INSPECTION AND CONTROL INSTEAD OF CHIPPING AWAY PIECEMEAL AT THIS MOST DIFFICULT PART OF THE TREATY. INFORMANTS STRESSED THAT THERE WILL BE NO BACKING DOWN ON BASIC WESTERN DEMANDS FOR STRICT CONTROLS TO AVOID CHEATING.

THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN INSIST THAT POLICING MUST BE TRULY INTERNATIONAL AND THE NUMBER OF INSPECTIONS OF SUSPICIOUS DISTURBANCES MUST NOT BE LIMITED BY POLITICAL DECISIONS. THE RUSSIANS WANT ONLY LIMITED INSPECTION.

1961

ORMSBY-GORE AND SOVIET DELEGATE SEMYON TSARAPKIN ARRIVED WITHIN A FEW MINUTES OF EACH OTHER.

ORMSBY-GORE TOLD NEWSMEN:

"WE THINK WE HAVE A VERY REAL CHANCE TO AGREE UPON A GREATY IN A MATTER OF WEEKS.

"EVERYTHING VERY MUCH DEPENDS, OF COURSE, UPON THE ATTITUDE OF THE SOVIET UNION AND THAT WILL NOT BE KNOWN UNTIL WE MEET TOMORROW."

TSARAPKIN SAID "WE HAVE MADE ALL OUR PROPOSALS." BUT HE ADDED THAT THE SOVIET UNION STILL PLACES GREAT IMPORATNCE ON THE NUCLEAR CONFERENCE AND CONTINUES UNDIMINISHED IN ITS DESIRE FOR A SETTLEMENT.

FV637PES

A77

(200) WITH GENEVA

30.24

MOSCOW, MARCH 20 (AP)-THE SOVIET NEWS AGENCY TASS HAD PESSIMISTIC COMMENT TONIGHT ON THE NUCLEAR TEST BAN TALKS OPENING TOMORROW AT GENEVA.

NOTING THERE HAVE BEEN MANY PREPARATORY CONFERENCES IN WASHINGTON, TASS SAID "OPTIMISTS (INCLUDING US) WOULD LIKE TO HOPE THE PURPOSE OF THESE EFFORTS WAS TO FACILITATE AGREEMENT WHICH WOULD ENSURE THAT NEVER AGAIN WOULD THE ATMOSPHERE BE POISONED BY NUCLEAR EXPLOSIONS. HARDLY CONDUCIVE TO SUCH AN OUTCOME OF THE TALKS IS THE POSITION OF THOSE WESTERN CIRCLES AND PERIODICALS WHICH ARE AGAIN DEMANDING UNILATERAL CONCESSIONS FROM THE SOVIET UNION, ALTHOUGH THEY ARE AWARE OF THE FACT THAT IN THE PAST THE SOVIET SIDE HAS REPEATEDLY MET THE WESTERN POWERS ON ANY QUESTIONS INVOLVED IN DRAFTING A TEST BAN TREATY."

THE COMMENTARY STARTED BY DECLARING THAT THE TALKS HAVE BEEN "DRAGGING ON FOR ALMOST TWO-AND-A-HALF YEARS" AND WERE "SUSPENDED LAST DECEMBER THROUGH A FAULT OF THE WESTERN POWERS."

THIS REFERRED TO A WESTERN PROPOSAL FOR A RECESS TO GIVE THE NEW ADMINISTRATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY A CHANCE TO THOROUGHLY REVIEW THE NEGOTIATIONS.

THE COMMENTARY CONCLUDED THAT SUCCESSFUL OUTCOME TO THE TALKS "CANNOT ONLY DELIVER MANKIND FROM THE EXPLOSIONS WHICH POISON THE EARTH'S ATMOSPHERE BUT CAN ALSO SPEED UP A SOLUTION OF THE DISARMAMENT PROBLEM--THE MOST IMPORTANT PROBLEM OF OUR TIME."

FRAPES

A57WA (EST)

(420) AMS BUDGET

NIGGT LEAD MILITARY SPACE

BY C. YATES MCDANIEL

30.24

WASHINGTON, MARCH 20 (AP)-CONGRESS LEARNED TODAY THAT A PENTAGON DECISION DESIGNED TO SETTLE THE MILITARY SPACE ISSUE MAY CARRY THE SPARK FOR ANOTHER ROUND OF INTER-SERVICE FEUDING.

THE FIRST OPEN WARNING CAME FROM THE ARMY BEFORE THE HOUSE SCIENCE AND ASTRONAUTICS COMMITTEE WHICH IS STUDYING THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT DIRECTIVE GIVING THE AIR FORCE NEAR-EXCLUSIVE RIGHTS TO CONTROL MILITARY SPACE DEVELOPMENT.

THE NAVY WILL BE HEARD NEXT.

SECRETARY OF THE ARMY ELVIS J. STAHR JR., COUPLED AN ASSURANCE OF SUPPORT FOR THE CONTROVERSIAL ORDER WITH A PLEDGE TO VOICE A "LOUD AND CLEAR"PROTEST SHOULD HE FEEL THE ARMY'S SPACE INTERESTS ARE BEING SLIGHTED.

STAHR APPROVED THE EFFORT BY SECRETARY OF DEFENSE ROBERT S. MCNAMARA TO GET "A LITTLE ORDER OUT OF A LITTLE CHAOS" BUT CAST DOUBTS ON THE FINALITY OF THE DECISION. HE EXPRESSED BELIEF A MORE NEARLY PERFECT SOLUTION FOR AMERICAN ACTIVITY IN SPACE "WILL EVOLVE SOMETIME IN THE FUTURE.."

18

ASSISTANT SECRETARY RICHARD MORSE GOT TO THE NUB OF THE ARMY'S UNHAPPINESS WHEN HE SUGGESTED THAT TODAY'S DIRECTIVE ASSIGNING RESEARCH AUTHOTIRY AND MONEY WOULD BECOME TOMORROW'S DECISION TO GIVE THE AIR FORCE OPERATIONAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR WHAT IS DEVELOPED.

HE SAW MCNAMARA'S DIRECTIVE AS A "NAMAGEMENT TOOL...THAT REALLY TENDS TO CONTOL ROLES AND MISSIONS" OF THE ARMED SERVICES.

LT. GEN. ARTHUR TRUDEAU, ARMY CHIEF OF RESEARCH, SPELLED OUT THE ARMY'S SPACE ROLES AND MISSIONS, BEYOND THE ADVENT COMMUNICATIONS SATELLITE THAT WAS UNDER WAY BEFORE THE DIRECTIVE.

FLANKED BY HIS CIVILIAN SUPERIORS, THE VETERAN SOLDIER CLAIMED FOR THE ARMY THE CONTINUING MISSION OF DEFENSE FROM THE GROUND BY TRANSFORMING THE NIKE-ZEUS ANTI-MISSILE MISSILE INTO AN ANTI-SATELLITE WEAPON.

AT ONE POINT, TRUDEAU WAS BROADLY SARCASTIC, SAYING:

"WE READ EVERY DAY OF THESE GREAT CIVILIAN MINDS THAT ARE COMING IN. AS A SIMPLE MILITARY MAN, I ACCEPT THESE PROFOUND DECISIONS AS HAVING BEEN MADE WITH GREAT WISDOM."

BACKING STAHR'S VIEW THAT SPACE IS INSEPARABLE FROM THE EARTH AND AIR, TRUDEAU SAID THAT THE ARMY "SHOULD BE ABLE TO EXPECT" ASSURANCE THAT IT CAN PUSH INTO SPACE ITS TRADITIONAL ROLE AS MAP MAKERS.

BEYOND MAPPING--AND THE ARMY IS ALREADY MAPPING THE MOON--TRUDEAU ADVANCED THE CAUSE OF THE ARMY ENGINEERS, TRANSPORTATION CORPS AND QUARTERMASTERS WITH ALL OF THEIR RESEARCH ON WHAT IT WILL TAKE TO MOVE, HOUSE AND FEED MAN "ON THE LUNAR SURFACES."

WHILE ARMY OFFICIALS WERE VOICING THEIR DOUBTS ABOUT THE DIRECTIVE TO ONE COMMITTEE, THE AIR FORCE CHIEF OF STAFF WAS GIVING ASSURANCES OF COOPERATION BEFORE ANOTHER CONGRESSIONAL GROUP.

GEN. THOMAS D. WHITE TOLD THE HOUSE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE THAT THE AIR FORCE RECOGNIZES ITS "GRAVE OBLIGATION TO THE NATION" AND PLEDGED "CLOSE COORDINATION AND PRECISE RESPONSE" TO ARMY AND NAVY NEEDS.

STILL UNHEARD PUBLICLY AND AS YET UNSCHEDULED TO APPEAR AT THE

INQUIRY IS THE RANKING MILITARY ADVISER TO THE ADMINISTRATION, GEN. LYMAN L. LEMNITZER. THE CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CHIEFS IS KNOWN TO HAVE ENTERED A WRITTEN PROTEST AGAINST THE WAY THE SPACE DIRECTIVE WAS ADOPTED.

SR628PES

A5 500
NIGHT LEAD SPY
BY THOMAS A. REEDY

30,24

LONDON, MARCH 20 (AP)-A BRITISH NAVY CLERK TESTIFIED TODAY HE GAVE A COMMUNIST SPY RING PHOTOGRAPHED PLANS OF A BRITISH NUCLEAR SUBMARINE BUILT WITH AMERICAN ADVICE. HE INSISTED HE TOOK THE PICTURES OUT OF FOCUS SO THE PLANS WOULD BE USELESS TO THE RUSSIANS.

HENRY F.HOUGHTON, 55, SAID THE ONLY REASON HE WORKED WITH THE SPY RING WAS THAT HIS MISTRESS HAD BEEN THREATENED AND HE WAS AFRAID THUGS ALSO WOULD BEAT HIM UP AS THEY HAD BEFORE. HOUGHTON AND HIS GIRL FRIEND, MISS ETHEL GEE, 46, ARE AMONG FIVE DEFENDANTS BEING TRIED ON CHARGES OF CHANNELING ROYAL NAVY SECRETS TO THE RUSSIANS.

HOUGHTON'S TESTIMONY HAS BEEN AWAITED BY BRITISH AND U.S. DIPLOMATS AND POLITICIANS WITH SOME APPREHENSION. SOME CONGRESSMEN IN THE UNITED STATES HAVE ALREADY MENTIONED THE TRIAL IN COMPLAINING OF LEAKS WHEN SECRET INFORMATION IS GIVEN BY THE UNITED STATES TO ITS ALLIES.

THE CURRENT TRIAL IS EXPECTED TO COMPLICATE ANY EFFORTS TO HAVE CONGRESS LOOSEN U.S. NUCLEAR SECRECY LAWS TO BENEFIT FRIENDLY NATIONS PLANNING TO MODERNIZE THEIR WEAPONS.

IN RESPONSE TO A SERIES OF PROSECUTION QUESTIONS, HOUGHTON SAID HE TOOK PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE ADMIRALTY'S FLEET ORDERS, OF WAR VESSELS AND SPECIFICALLY OF THE DREADNOUGHT, BRITAIN'S FIRST NUCLEAR SUBMARINE, BEING BUILT WITH U.S.KNOW-NOW. ITS REACTOR IS OF THE SAME TYPE INSTALLED IN AMERICAN SKIPJACK CLASS SUBMARINES.

ANTISUBMARINE DOCUMENTS WERE ALSO SUPPLIED TO THE SPY RING, HOUGHTON SAID. THE PROSECUTION CHARGES MISS GEE, ALSO A NAVY EMPLOYE, SUPPLIED THE MATERIAL.

HOUGHTON CONTENDED THAT BY THE TIME THE SPY RING GOT THE MATERIAL IT WAS USELESS--THE CAMERA WAS DELIBERATELY SET OUT OF FOCUS SO THE DREADNOUGHT PHOTOS WOULD BE BLURRED, AND THE DOCUMENTS WERE ARRANGED IN SUCH A WAY AS TO PRESENT A CONFUSED INTELLIGENCE PICTURE.

HE SAID HE GOT INVOLVED IN JANUARY 1957 WITH A FOREIGNER WHO GAVE HIM EIGHT POUNDS ($22.40) FOR INFORMATION ABOUT THE ROYAL NAVY, THEN HAD NUMEROUS CONTACTS WITH A MAN NAMED "NIKKI" AND ANOTHER NAMED "JOHN."

THIS LED, HE TESTIFIED, TO A MEETING WITH GORDON A.LONSDALE, 37, A CODEFENDANT WHOSE NATIONALITY IS IN QUESTION. HOUGHTON INTRODUCED LONSDALE TO MISS GEE.

THE THREE WERE ARRESTED IN A JANUARY SWOOP THAT ALSO TOOK IN PETER KROGER, 50, AND HIS WIFE, HELEN, 47 WHOSE HOME CONTAINED RADIO TRANSMITTING AND MICROFILM EQUIPMENT, $10,000 IN AMERICAN MONEY AND SOME FORGED PASSPORTS.

THE KROGERS HAVE BEEN IDENTIFIED BY THE FBI IN WASHINGTON AS MORRIS COHEN AND HIS WIFE, LOLA, AMERICAN CITIZENS AND FORMER RESIDENTS OF NEW YORK WHO WERE ASSOCIATED WITH LEFTIST CAUSES IN THE 1930S AND 1940S AND THEN DROPPED OUT OF SIGHT.

HOUGHTON DENIED KNOWING THE KROGERS AT ALL. HE SAID HE KNEW LONSDALE ONLY AS "ALEX JOHNSON, AN AMERICAN ASSISTANT NAVAL ATTACHE." BUT HE RECALLED THAT ON HIS ARREST IN LONSDALE'S COMPANY, SCOTLAND YARD'S SUPERINTENDENT GEORGE SMITH SAID OF LONSDALE: "AMERICAN, MY FOOT."

HOUGHTON SAID HE WAS BULLIED AND BROWBEATEN INTO THE SITUATION. ONCE HE SAID HE WAS SLUGGED BY SEVERAL MEN BECAUSE HE FAILED TO SHOW UP FOR AN APPOINTMENT WITH "NIKKI" OR "JOHN." HE SAID HE WAS FRIGHTENED BECAUSE THE RING THREATENED TO SEND MISS GEE "BOOBY TRAPS" AND "PARCELS THAT EXPLODE."

ASKED WHO MADE UP THE RING, HE SAID HE SUSPECTED THEY WERE CZECHS, RUSSIANS, POLES." HE DID NOT ELABORATE.

ATTORNEY GENERAL SIR REGINALD MANNING-BULLER ASKED WHY, IN THE FACE OF THESE ADMISSIONS, HOUGHTON PLEADED NOT GUILTY WITH THE OTHER FOUR DEFENDANTS. HOUGHTON REPLIED HE WAS NOT FAMILIAR WITH THE LAW AND FELT THAT A GUILTY PLEA WOULD HAVE PREVENTED HIM FROM MAKING A "FULL EXPLANATION" OF HOW HE WAS TERRORIZED INTO HIS ACTS.

THE PROSECUTOR THEN DREW FROM HOUGHTON AN ADMISSION THAT BETWEEN OCTOBER 1959 AND JUNE 1960, HE HAD LIVED ON 4,000 POUNDS ($11,200) RECEIVED IN CASH FROM A BELGIAN NAMED ALPHONSE.

"YOU COULD CALL IT BLACK MARKET," HOUGHTON SAID. HIS SALARY WAS 49 POUNDS ($137.20) A MONTH.

B233PES

A154CX (SPY)
(230)

30,24

CHICAGO, MARCH 20 (AP)-A FEDERAL JUDGE RULED TODAY THAT EMPLOYMENT BY THE UNITED NATIONS IS NO BAR TO PROSECUTION ON SPY CHARGES.

JUDGE EDWIN A. ROBSON DENIED A BATCH OF PRE-TRIAL MOTIONS IN U.S. DISTRICT COURT ON BEHALF OF IGOR Y. MELEKH, 47, CHIEF OF THE U.N. RUSSIAN LANGUAGE SECTION.

JUDGE ROBSON, HOWEVER, ALLOWED A PORTION OF ONE MOTION ON EVIDENCE DISCLOSURE, RULING THAT THE GOVERNMENT MUST IDENTIFY AN AGENT OF THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION WHO OBTAINED EVIDENCE AGAINST THE RUSSIAN, AT LEAST TWO WEEKS BEFORE MELEKH IS BROUGHT TO TRIAL.

MELEKH AND WILLIE HIRSCH, 52, A GERMAN-BORN ILLUSTRATOR, WERE INDICTED LAST YEAR BY A FEDERAL GRADE JURY WHICH ACCUSED THEM OF CONSPIRING TO COMMIT ESPIONAGE UPON THE UNITED STATES AND OF FAILURE TO REGISTER WITH THE SECRETARY OF STATE AS AGENTS OF A FOREIGN GOVERNMENT.

AMONG MOTIONS PRESENTED BY MELEKH'S ATTORNEY, PEARL M. HART, WHICH WERE TURNED DOWN BY JUDGE ROBSON WERE REQUESTS:

THAT SOME EVIDENCE OBTAINED WITHOUT SEARCH WARRANTS BE BARRED;

THAT THE GOVERNMENT DISCLOSE WHAT EVIDENCE IT PLANS TO USE AGAINST MELEKH;

THAT THE TRIAL BE SHIFTED TO ANOTHER DISTRICT COURT;

THAT THE CASE BE TRIED BY THE U.S. SUPREME COURT, RATHER THAN A LOWER COURT.

HIRSCH AND MELEKH WERE ACCUSED OF ATTEMPTING TO BUY MAPS OF MILITARY INSTALLATIONS IN THE CHICAGO AREA FOR TRANSMITTAL TO THE SOVIET UNION. MELEKH IS FREE UNDER $50,000 BOND, BUT HIRSCH HAS BEEN UNABLE TO RAISE HIS $25,000 BOND. HE IS IN JAIL PENDING TRIAL.

JUDGE ROBSON SET MARCH 24 FOR ARRAIGNMENT OF MELEKH. AT THAT TIME, HE SAID, THE TRIAL DATE WILL BE SET, PROBABLY FOR MID-MAY.

THE COURT ALSO DENIED A MOTION FOR REDUCTION OF BAIL FOR HIRSCH TO $15,000.

WM-P-EG1139ACS NM

B56
(150)
WITH CHICAGO MELEKH

30,24

MOSCOW, MARCH 20 (AP)-TASS CONTENDED TONIGHT THAT A CHICAGO JUDGE'S RULING TODAY IN THE CASE OF ACCUSED SOVIET SPY IGOR Y. MELEKH CONTRADICTS RECOGNIZED PRINCIPLES OF INTERNATIONAL LAW AND VIOLATES THE U.N. CHARTER.

THE SOVIET NEWS AGENCY REFERRED TO A DECISION BY FEDERAL DISTRICT JUDGE EDWIN A. ROBSON THAT EMPLOYMENT BY THE UNITED NATIONS IS NO BAR TO PROSECUTION ON SPY CHARGES. DE DENIED A BATCH OF PRE-TRIAL MOTIONS ON BEHALF OF MELEKH, CHIEF OF THE U.N. RUSSIAN LANGUAGE SECTION.

MELEKH AND WILLIE HIRSCH, GERMAN-BORN ILLUSTRATOR, WERE ARRESTED BY THE FBI LAST OCT. 27 AFTER INDICTMENT BY A FEDERAL GRAND JURY ON CHARGES OF SEEKING MILITARY MAPS AND PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE

CHICAGO AREA. ANOTHER FEDERAL JUDGE HAD RULED LAST NOV. 28 THAT MELEKH COULD NOT TAKE REFUGE FROM PROSECUTION THROUGH DIPLOMATIC IMMUNITY.

TASS SAID THE ROBSON RULING "IS PROOF OF THE FACT THAT AMERICAN AUTHORITIES INTEND TO CONTINUE A DIRTY PROVOCATORY VENTUE BEGUN BY THE EISENHOWER ADMINISTRATION WITH THE AIM OF POISONING THE INTERNATIONAL ATMOSPHERE AND AGGRAVATING SOVIET-AMERICAN RELATIONS."

A128 DA/AF805PES

(340)
AP FOREIGN SERVICE
ADVANCE FOR MONDAY PMS
BY ROY ESSOYAN

30,24

(ADVANCE) HONG KONG, MARCH 20, (AP)-COMMUNIST CHINA IS PUSHING A CULTURAL OFFENSIVE AIMED AT AFRICA, LATIN AMERICA AND ASIA. IN SOME AREAS PIPING AND MOSCOW APPEAR TO BE COMPETING IN CAMPAIGNS TO MAKE FREIENDS AND INFLUENCE PEOPLE ABROAD.

PEIPING RADIO NOW OUTDOES MOSCOW RADIO IN PROPAGANDA BROADCASTS TO AFRICA. IT BEAMS ENGLISH, FRENCH AND PORTUGUESE LANGUAGE PROGRAMS TO NATIONS THERE.

JAPAN APPEARS TO BE THE SINGLE MOST IMPORTANT TARGET OF CHINESE COMMUNIST CULTURAL BLANDISHMENTS.

A SURVEY OF STATISTICS COMPILED FROM OFFICIAL PEIPING SOURCES SHOWS 61 JAPANESE DELEGATIONS VISITED RED CHINA IN 1960, FAR MORE THAN FROM ANY OTHER COUNTRY.

PEIPING ALSO INCREASED ITS BROADCASTS TO JAPAN IN 1960. AND THE PEIPING TELEVISION STATION SIGNED AN AGREEMENT WITH ITS JAPANESE COUNTERPART TO PURCHASE AND EXCHANGE TELEVISION NEWSREELS.

GENERALLY, HOWEVER, RED CHINA FOCUSES ITS ATTENTION ON COUNTRIES DISRUPTED BY NATIONALIST MOVEMENTS.

IT USES SEVERAL APPROACHES--THE EXCHANGE OF FRIENDSHIP DELEGATIONS, FILMS, BOOKS, EXHIBITIONS AND OTHER PROPAGANDA MEDIA. THIS HAS LED IN SEVERAL CASES TO THE SIGNING OF CULTURAL AGREEMENTS AND IN SOME CASES TO THE ESTABLISHMENT OF DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS.

AT THE SAME TIME, PEIPING'S CULTURAL EXCHANGES WITH THE COMMUNIST BLOC, REGISTERED A SHARP DECLINE IN 1960.

IN TOTAL NUMBER, PEIPING'S EXCHANGES WITH MOSCOW STILL RANK HIGH, WITH 27 CHINESE DELEGATIONS VISITING SOVIET RUSSIA AND 34 RUSSIAN DELEGATIONS VISITING CHINA DURING THE PAST YEAR.

BUT THE NUMBER IS FAR BELOW PREVIOUS YEARS.

PEIPING GAINED ITS FIRST DIPLOMATIC FOOTHOLD IN THE AMERICAS WITH THE ESTABLISHMENT OF DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH CUBA. IT SENT 11 DELEGATIONS TO CUBA AND RECEIVED 28 IN RETURN.

SOCIETIES FOR THE PROMOTION OF FRIENDSHIP WITH RED CHINA WERE SET UP IN CUBA AND VENEZUELA, AND PEIPING RADIO ADDED A PROGRAM IN PORTUGUESE--FOR BRAZIL--TO ITS SPANISH PROGRAMS BEAMED TO LATIN AMERICA.

IN AFRICA, PEIPING ESTABLISHED RELATIONS WITH 15 AFRICAN COUNTRIES, THREE OF THEM--GHANA, MALI AND THE SOMALI REPUBLIC--ON A DIPLOMATIC LEVEL. MANY DELEGATIONS FROM AFRICA RECEIVED RED CARPET WELCOMES IN PEIPING. RED CHINA WAS THE FIRST COUNTRY IN THE COMMUNIST BLOC TO ACCEPT A PERMANENT DIPLOMATIC REPRESENTATIVE FROM THE ALGERIAN REBELS' PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT.

END ADVANCE FOR MONDAY PMS --MOVED MARCH 18

JD11AFS

A69KX (RUSK)
NIGHT LEAD RUSK (450)
BY LEIF ERICKSON

30,24

BERKELEY, CALIF., MARCH 20 (AP)-SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN RUSK RPOPOSED TODAY CREATING A PERMANENT UNITED NATIONS MILITARY FORCE READY FOR IMMEDIATE USE IN CRISIS AREAS LIKE THE CONGO.

RUSK CONTENDED ALSO THAT "EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL POLICE FORCES ARE NEEDED TO SUPPORT THE PROCESSES OF LAW" WHILE NEGOTIATIONS CONTINUE SEEKING EFFECTIVE WORLD DISARMAMENT.

RUSK ADDRESSED THE CHARTER DAY OBSERVANCE OF THE 93RD ANNIVERSARY OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA'S FOUNDING IN 1868.

DAG HAMMARSKJOLD, U.N. SECRETARY GENERAL, EXPERIENCED DIFFICULTY IN RECRUITING TROOPS FOR THE U.N. CONGO FORCE AND SOME NATIONAL UNITS LATER WERE RECALLED BY THEIR HOME GOVERNMENTS.

"EXPERIENCE IN THE CONGO SUGGESTS THAT WE MUST TURN ONCE MORE TO THE POSSIBILITY OF CONSTITUTING A PERMANENT UNITED NATIONS FORCE, SPECIFICALLY TRAINED AND EQUIPPED, HELD IN READINESS FOR IMMEDIATE USE," RUSK SAID.

HE DECLARED UNITED NATIONS SUCCESS IN THE CONGO WAS IMPORTANT TO ALL THE WORLD ORGANIZATION'S MEMBERS, WHO MUST LOOK TO IT FOR THEIR SAFETY.

"THE UNITED NATIONS MUST ACCOMPLISH ITS TASK IN THE CONGO BOTH BECAUSE OF THE CONGO AND BECAUSE IT MUST READY ITSELF FOR OTHER, AS YET UNIDENTIFIED, CRISES IN THE YEARS AHEAD. EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL ACTION MAY BE THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN WAR AND PEACE," HE SAID.

"IN SUCH SITUATIONS TIME IS OF THE ESSENCE AND A READY RESPONSE IS CRITICAL."

THE ISSUE OF DISARMAMENT, RUSK SAID, "NEEDS FRESH AND IMAGINATIVE REVIEW BY ALL CONCERNED."

"WE DARE NOT YIELD TO CYNICISM OR DESPAIR," RUSK DECLARED IN NOTING THAT PRESIDENT KENNEDY HAS INSTRUCTED THE U.S. DELEGATION TO THE GENEVA CONFERENCE ON A NUCLEAR TESTING BAN TO ENTER THE NEW TALKS WITH GREAT SERIOUSNESS OF PURPOSE.

THE GENEVA TALKS STARTING TUESDAY INVOLVE SOVIET RUSSIA, BRITAIN AND THE UNITED STATES.

"A STREATY WHICH SUCCEEDS IN HALTING NUCLEAR TESTING, UNDER ADEQUATE INSPECTION AND CONTROL, MIGHT NOT IN ITSELF REPRESENT A MAJOR STEP IN THE REDUCTION OF ARMS--BUT IT WOULD BE A FIRST AND MOST SIGNIFICANT ONE."

A NEWS CONFERENCE QUESTION POINTED OUT PRESIDENT KENNEDY IN HIS CAMPAIGN HAD DECLARED ONE MORE MAJOR EFFORT SHOULD BE MADE FOR AGREEMENT WITH RUSSIA ON BANNING NUCLEAR TESTING BUT IF THAT FAILED THE UNITED STATES SHOULD RESUME NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTS.

ASKED IF THE ADMINISTRATION HAD SET ANY TIME LIMIT ON THE NEW TALKS, RUSK REPLIED THAT ANTICIPATING NOW WHAT WOULD HAPPEN IF THE NEGOTIATIONS FAIL WOULD NOT BE HELPFUL.

IN HIS NEWS CONFERENCE, RUSK REJECTED SUGGESTIONS THAT THE KENNEDY ADMINISTRATION WAS FOLLOWING A SOFT APPROACH TO SOVIET RUSSIA.

RUSK DISCUSSED IN HIS SPEECH ALSO THE MANNER OF CONDUCTING NEGOTIATIONS WITH RUSSIA.

THE ISSUES CALLED THE COLD WAR MUST BE FACED AND MET, RUSK SAID.

"BUT HOW WE MEET THEM MAKES A DIFFERENCE. THEY WILL NOT BE SCOLDED AWAY BY INVECTIVE NOR FRIGHTENED AWAY BY BLUSTER.

"THEY MUST BE MET WITH DETERMINATION, CONFIDENCE AND SOPHISTICATION," RUSK DECLARED. "POINTLESS IRRITATIONS SHOULD BE REMOVED. CHANNELS OF COMMUNICATION SHOULD BE KEPT OPEN.

"OUR DISCUSSIONS, PRIVATE AND PUBLIC, SHOULD BE MARKED BY CIVILITY. OUR MANNERS SHOULD CONFORM TO OUR OWN DIGNITY AND POWER AND TO OUR OWN GOOD REPUTE THROUGHOUT THE WORLD."

KK/GC633PCS NM

B84WX (Q)
(450) BIRCH SOCIETY

30,24

WASHINGTON, MARCH 20 (AP)-SEN. MILTON R. YOUNG, R-N. D., TOLD THE SENATE TODAY OF MORE COMMUNISTS-IN-GOVERNMENT CHARGES BY AN OFFICIAL OF THE JOHN BIRCH SOCIETY, A SEMI-SECRET RIGHT WING GROUP WITH WHICH HE HAS CLASHED.

YOUNG SAID SOME JOHN BIRCH MEMBERS ARE "QUITE IRATE" ABOUT A SPEECH HE MADE IN THE SENATE MARCH 8 PROTESTING THAT LEADERS OF THE SOCIETY HAVE FALSELY ACCUSED FORMER PRESIDENT DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER OF BEING A COMMUNIST.

TODAY, YOUNG FILED WITH THE SENATE FOR PUBLICATION IN THE CONGRESSIONAL RECORD A COPY OF A LETTER HE SAID WAS WRITTEN LAST NOV. 1 BY ROBERT D. LOVE, WHOM HE DESCRIBED AS A WICHITA, KAN., JOHN BIRCH MEMBER, EXPRESSING QUALIFIED DISBELIEF THAT EISENHOWER IS A RED, BUT CHARGING THAT MANY HIGH IN THE GOVERNMENT SHOULD BE TRIED FOR TREASON. THE LETTER DID NOT NAME THEM.

THE PHOTOGRAPHIC COPY OF THE LETTER YOUNG DISPLAYED WAS ADDRESSED TO MRS. GEORGE ANGLE (70 STRATFORD, EASTBOROUGH) ALSO OF WICHITA, OVER LOVE'S SIGNATURE.

YOUNG ALSO PUT IN THE CONGRESSIONAL RECORD A COPY OF A LETTER FROM ROBERT WELCH OF BELMONT, MASS., THE PURPORTED NATIONAL HEAD OF JOHN BIRCH, INVITING A CONGRESSIONAL INVESTIGATION OF THE SOCIETY.

WELCH'S LETTER SAID THE SOCIETY'S OFFICIAL PURPOSE IS "TO PROMOTE LESS GOVERNMENT, MORE RESPONSIBILITY AND A BETTER WORLD" AND TO FIGHT COMMUNISM. IT TAKES ITS NAME FROM JOHN BIRCH, A MISSIONARY EXECUTED BY THE CHINESE REDS.

YOUNG ALSO PUT IN THE RECORD EDITORIALS BY THE LOS ANGELES TIMES AND SANTA BARBARA (CALIF.) FREE PRESS CRITICAL OF THE JOHN BIRCH SOCIETY AND OF WELCH.

LOVE'S LETTER TO MRS. ANGLE SAID WELCH, IN 1955, HAD WRITTEN TO "A FRIEND" NOT OTHERWISE IDENTIFIED:

"PRESIDENT EISENHOWER MUST HAVE KNOWN WHAT THE COMMUNISTS WERE UP TO; BECAUSE THE PRESIDENT DID KNOW AND DID NOT AROUSE THE PEOPLE TO THE DANGERS, HE MUST BE INVOLVED IN SOME WAY."

LOVE'S LETTER CONTINUED:

"PERSONALLY I DISAGREED WITH THIS CONCLUSION."

LOVE ADDED THAT HE HAD SUPPORTED EISENHOWER IN THE 1956 PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION CAMPAIGN. LATER, HOWEVER, LOVE'S LETTER SAID HE BELIEVED THAT WELCH MIGHT HAVE MORE INFORMATION THAN DID LOVE.

"THE FACT THAT MR. WELCH WROTE A PERSONAL LETTER TO A FRIEND SHOULD NOT, IN MY OPINION, ELIMINATE THIS MAN'S USEFULNESS TO US IN COMBATTING THE FORCES OF THE CONSPIRACY," HE SAID.

"SOME DAY THERE WILL BE A GOOD MANY PEOPLE IN THIS COUNTRY TRIED FOR TREASON--IF WE STILL HAVE COURTS BY THAT TIME.

"THE SUPREME COURT HAS RIDDLED OUR INTERNAL SECURITY LAWS TO THE POINT THAT YOU CANNOT CONVICT A MAN OF BEING A COMMUNIST....

"THERE ARE MANY PEOPLE IN HIGH GOVERNMENT OFFICES WHO SHOULD BE TRIED FOR TREASON. MAYBE THEY ARE UNWITTING DUPES. MAYBE THEY ARE PART OF THE CONSPIRACY."

ADDRESSING THE SENATE, YOUNG SAID "I DO WANT TO MAKE AN APOLOGY AND THAT IS FOR REFERRING TO THE (JOHN BIRCH) LOCAL CHAPTERS OR UNITS, OR WHATEVER THEY CALL THEM, AS 'CELLS.'" HE SAID HE USED THE TERM IN HIS MARCH 8 SPEECH IN THE BELIEF THE SOCIETY'S LOCALS CALLED THEMSELVES CELLS, THE TERM OFTEN USED FOR COMMUNIST GROUPS.

YOUNG SAID MISTAKES LIKE THAT ARE LIKELY TO OCCUR IN DEALING WITH AN ORGANIZATION SO SECRET THAT EVEN THE NAMES OF ITS OFFICIALS ARE WITHHELD FROM THE PUBLIC.

EG1041PES

B24 (Q)

(200)

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BY JOHN WEYLAND

BONN, GERMANY, MARCH 20 (AP)-MAYOR WILLY BRANDT OF BERLIN SAID TODAY HE CAME BACK FROM HIS TRIP TO WASHINGTON AND NEW YORK CONVINCED WEST GERMANY WILL NOT LOSE THE FRIENDSHIP OF THE UNITED STATES.

BRANDT TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE OF THE FATE OF GERMANY, AS FAR AS IT IS INFLUENCED BY THE UNITED STATES, "IS IN GOOD HANDS." HE IMPLIED NOTHING WILL DEVELOP IN RELATIONS WITH AMERICA TO PROVOKE AN ESTRANGEMENT.

AT THE SAME TIME THE SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY'S CANDIDATE FOR CHANCELLOR WARNED THERE WERE DANGERS TO A CONTINUING GOOD OPINION OF WEST GERMANY. HE MENTIONED THE COMING TRIAL IN ISRAEL OF ADOLF EICHMANN ON CHARGES OF MASTERMINDING THE MURDER OF MILLIONS OF JEWS DURING THE HITLER PERIOD.

"THE EICHMANN TRIAL DOES NOT HAVE TO LEAD TO ANTI-GERMAN FEELING," BRANDT SAID. "I SEE IN THE TRIAL A GREAT OPPORTUNITY TO SHOW THAT THE EVENTS OF THE PAST CANNOT RECUR IN THE FUTURE. TO REALIZE THIS OPPORTUNITY WE MUST AVOID EVERY IDENTIFICATION WITH THE THIRD REICH."

BRANDT HELD HIS NEWS CONFERENCE IN BONN SHORTLY AFTER RETURNING FROM HIS TRIP TO THE UNITED STATES, DURING WHICH HE CONFERRED WITH PRESIDENT KENNEDY AND OTHER OFFICIALS.

HE SPOKE WITT OBVIOUS APPROVAL OF THE COMPLETE REEXAMNATION OF POLICY BEING UNDERTAKEN BY THE ADMINISTRATION AND EXPRESSED CONFIDENCE THAT IT WOULD NOT LEAD TO ANY HARM FOR WEST GERMANY.

"IN THE UNITED STATES NOTHING NOW IS CONSIDERED RIGHT SIMPLY BECAUSE IT WAS CONSIDERED RIGHT BEFORE," BRANDT SAID.

A NEWSMAN ASKED IF THIS COULD NOT MEAN THAT A CHANGE MIGHT BE MADE EVENTUALLY IN THE U.S. POSITION ON BERLIN AND OTHER GERMAN ISSUES.

"NO," BRANDT SAID. "EVERYTHING IS BEING RECONSIDERED EXCEPT THE DEDICATION TO MAINTAINING FREEDOM AND DEMOCRACY. THIS MEANS THE UNITED STATES WILL NOT CEASE TO SUPPORT US IN KEEPING BERLIN FREE."

BRANDT SPOKE AGAINST A BACKGROUND OF REPORTS FROM MEMBERS OF HIS OWN PARTY THAT PUBLIC OPINION IN THE UNITED STATES IS TURNING AGAINST WEST GERMANY. THE FACTOR MOST OFTEN CITED, ALONG WITH THE EICHMANN TRIAL, ARE THE LONG NEGOTIATIONS OVER PROVIDING HELP FOR INTERNATIONAL BALANCE OF PAYMENTS DIFFICULTIES.

BRANDT SAID HE FAVORED THE WEST GERMAN AID FOR UNDERDEVELOPED COUNTRIES THAT PRESIDENT KENNEDY HAS STRESSED. HE PROMISED THAT IF HIS PARTY DEFEATS CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER'S CHRISTIAN DEMOCRATS IN THE FALL ANY COMMITMENTS MADE BEFORE THE ELECTION WILL BE HONORED.

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B39(Q)

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30, 24

NEW DELHI, INDIA, MARCH 20 (AP)-NEW PROMISES OF AID FOR DEVELOPING THE MKONG RIVER, WHICH RUNS FROM CHINA THROUGH THE VAST INDOCHINESE PENINSULA, BRING THE TOTAL PLEDTED TO $12.5 MILLION, A U.N. REGIONAL BOD SAID TODAY. MEKONG

THE U.N. ECONOMIC COMMISSION FOR ASIA AND THE FAR EAST (ECAFE), ENDING ITS 12-DAY ANNUAL SESSION HERE, SAID THE UNITED STATES IS PROVIDING $4.7 MILLION, THE U.N. SEPCIAL FUND $1.6 MILLION

AND CANADA $1.36 MILLION UNDER THE COLOMBO PLAN.

MUCH OF THE SESSION AGENDA WAS DEVOTED TO MAJOR PROBLEMS IN THE GEOGRAPHIC AREA, INCLUDING UNIFIED DEVELOPMENT OF THE MEKONG IN THAILAND LAOS, CAMBODIA AND SOUTH VIET NAM.

THE COMMISSION UNANIMOUSLY ADOPTED A FINAL REPORT. AMONG ITS ITEMS WAS MENTION OF CONCERN THAT EXPORTS OF ECAFE COUNTRIES MIGHT BE ADVERSELY AFFECTED BY SUCH REGIONAL ALIGNMENTS AS THE EUROPEAN COMMON MARKET AND THE EUROPEAN FREE TRADE ASSOCIATION. BUT IT ALSO NOTED ASSUGANCES FROM THOSE TRADE GROUPS THAT "LIBERAL POLICIES WOULD BE FOLLOWED."

ANOTHER CLAUSE SAID THAT "REACHING AGREEMENT ON THE PROBLEM OF DISARMAMENT WOULD RELEASE CONSIDERABLE RESOURCES THAT COULD BE USED TO PROMOTE THE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT OF COUNTRIES OF THE (ECAFE) REGION."

THE NEXT SESSION IN 1962 WILL BE IN TOKYO AND THE 1963 MEETING IS SET FOR MANILA. IRAN HAS INVITED THE COMMISSION TO MEET AT TEHRAN IN 1964.

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NEW YORK, MARCH 20 (AP)-PROF. OWEN LATTIMORE, AUTHORITY ON THE HISTORY, CULTURE AND POLITICS OF CENTRAL ASIA, SAYS HE HAS OBTAINED A VISA TO SPEND THE SUMMER IN THE MONGOLIAN PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC.

LATTIMORE DISCLOSED HERE YESTERDAY HE HAD BEEN INVITED BY THE MONGOLIAN ACADEMY OF SCIENCES. HE SAID HE MET MEMBERS OF THAT INSTITUTION LAST YEAR IN MOSCOW.

LATTIMORE, A LECTURER AT JOHNSHOPKINS UNIVERSITY, BALTIMORE, WILL BE ACCOMPANIED ON THE TRIP BY HIS WIFE. THEY WILL BE AMONG THE FIRST AMERICANS TO VISIT THE COMMUNIST-RULED STATE SINCE THE 30S.

AN OCCASIONAL STATE DEPARTMENT CONSULTANT, LATTIMORE WAS INDICTED IN 1952 ON CHARGES THAT HE LIED BEFORE A SENATE COMMITTEE IN DENYING HE HAD BEEN A "SYMPATHIZER AND PROMOTER OF COMMUNISM." THE CHARGES LATER WERE DROPPED.

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ATLANTA, MARCH 20 (AP)-PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S PEACE CORPS ALREADY HAS ATTRACTED 20,000 PERSONS AND STIMULATED NEW INTEREST IN FOREIGN LANGUAGES AMONG COLLEGE STUDENTS, ACCORDING TO MORRIS ABRAM, AN ATLANTA LAWYER.

ABRAM IS A SPECIAL ASSISTANT TO R. SARGENT SHRIVER JR., PEACE CORPS DIRECTOR AND KENNEDY'S BROTHER-IN-LAW.

ON A TELEVISION PANEL PROGRAM YESTERDAY, ABRAM SAID THE FACT THAT 20,000 PERSONS HAVE ASKED TO JOIN THE PEACE CORPS IS AN INDICATION OF THE ENTHUSIASM AROUSED BY THE PROGRAM.

HE QUOTED FATHER THEODORE HESBURGH, PRESIDENT OF NOTRE DAME, AS SAYING THE PEACE CORPS HAS STIMULATED NEW INTEREST AMONG STUDENTS IN LEARNING FOREIGN LANGUAGES, SINCE IT OFFERS A PROSPECTIVE OPPORTUNITY TO PUT LANGUAGE SKILLS TO USE.

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